

No 778/6/3/14.

General Moslem Congress
Office of Executive Committee
Jerusalem.

19 APR 1932

30th March, 1932.

H.E. the High Commissioner,
Government Offices,
Jerusalem.

Your Excellency,

The General Moslem Congress which was held at Jerusalem from 7th to 17th December, 1931, and which was attended by delegates representing the majority of Moslem countries and territories have had under consideration the question of the Holy Buraq, and carefully studied all the incidents and developments of this question, the documents relating thereto and the Report made by the International Commission and the Palestine (Western or Wailing Wall) Order-in-Council, 1931 issued in connection therewith.

The proprietary right in the Holy Buraq and its surroundings is vested in the Moslems exclusively, while the place is, at the same time, a Moslem Waqf inasmuch as it forms part of the Masjed al Aqsa and in view of its association with the Prophet and Moslem religious traditions. Moreover, the permission given to Jews to hold prayers and religious devotions in this place is inconsistent with Moslem Sharia Law.

Under the practice confirmed by previous Governments in Palestine and established by documentary evidence the Jews are not allowed to hold prayers or

religious/

*Rec'd from ...
on 12.4.32.*

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